Diabetes In Your School

Karla Abbott RN,MA
Avera McKennan Health and Disease
Management

- Diabetes is an Epidemic
 - Over 18 million people have diabetes
 - Another 41 million adults

ages 40 to 74 have pre-diabetes



- Many More Students will experience Diabetes
- Obesity epidemic
- Diabetes on the rise among teens
- Global diabetes increase
- Decreased activity
- School vending machines

- Family history as a predictor
- Family exercise patterns
- Environment of family health practices
- The family that eats together......

Diabetes in your athlete

- Athletics burns a lot of carbohydrates
- Balance is the key
- Knowing the limits
- Watch for anorexia
- Exercise only when the blood glucose is within range of 100-250mg/dl

ADA Guidelines for Diabetes Self-Management

- Regular Glucose monitoring
- HgA1c test every 3 months if abnormal or changes or every 6 months if stable
- Wt, BP, Foot exam at each appt Yearly eye exam (with drops)
 - Dental exam twice a year

Hypoglycemia

- Low blood sugar
- Hunger, shakiness, weakness, pale, blurred vision, increased heart rate, change in behavior, sweating, anxiety, dilated pupils
- Treatment: 4 oz juice, 2-3 glucose tabs, 1 tube glucose gel, 4-6 hard candies, 1-2 T honey, 6 oz regular soda

Hyperglycemia

- Too much sugar in the blood but the cells are starving
 Lack of concentration, frequent urination, flushed skin, sweet or fruity breath, dry
- Lack of concentration, frequent urination, flushed skin, sweet or fruity breath, dry mouth, vomiting, stomach cramps, confusion, unconsciousness
 - Treatment: water, activity, glucagon if necessary

Other Considerations for those with Diabetes

- Know the routine habits of those around you
- Keep stress to a minimum

 Allow for glucose testing
- Watch for mood changes
- Blood glucoses out of range can hamper academic learning

Challenges

- Monitoring schedule
- Keeping doctor appointmentsSkin care
- Dental care
- Eye care
- Fast food industry
- Rest/Sleep

Everyone with Diabetes is Different!







- Being sick, sends the blood glucose very high
 - Hormones released as a result of illness, cause high glucose readings and interferes with the actions of insulin
- Have a plan in place for when you are sick

Prevention of Complications

- People with diabetes are 2 to 4 more times
- likely to have heart disease than someone without diabetes
 Uncontrolled blood pressure with someone
- who has diabetes leads quicker to stroke and kidney disease risk

- Support for those you know with diabetes

 Get to know them
- Vrom what trians
- Know what triggers a high or low blood glucose reactionEncourage healthy eating
 - Motivate them to exercise
 - Provide a healthy meal on a special occasion
 - occasion

 Don't guilt them into eating carbohydrates

Diabetes Resources

http://ndep.nih.gov/resources/school.htm

www.diabetesselfmanagement.com

www.diabetes.org

American Diabetes Association

We all need to work together when it comes to diabetes



■ Further Questions

Karla Abbott RN,MA
Avera McKennan Health and Disease
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605-322-6581
karla.abbott@mckennan.org